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**Comparison of feature extraction methods for the identification of odontocete species based upon echolocation clicks**

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Recent work by several groups has shown that odontocete echolocation clicks contain information that can be used to detect or identify specific species. In this study, we compare the relative performance of cepstral and wavelet features on various Pacific Ocean species of odontocetes. Comparison of features within different systems is often complicated by the large number of variables unrelated to feature extraction that change between systems. By experimenting within a proven state of the art classification framework, it is possible to make meaningful comparisons of feature extraction performance with respect to common machine learning algorithms such as neural networks, support vector machines, and Gaussian mixture models.